

NIST IR 8477-Based Set Theory Relationship Mapping (STRM)
Reference document: Secure Controls Framework (SCF) version 2026.1
STRM Guidance: <https://securecontrolsframework.com/set-theory-relationship-mapping-strm/>

Focal Document: <https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2021/05/17/2021-10460/improving-the-nations-cybersecurity>
Focal Document URL: <https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2021/05/17/2021-10460/improving-the-nations-cybersecurity>
Published STRM URL: <https://content.securecontrolsframework.com/strmscf-strm-usa-federal-EO-14028.pdf>

Executive Order 14028 (EO 14028)

FDE #	FDE Name	Focal Document Element (FDE) Description	STRM Rationale	STRM Relationship	SCF Control	SCF #	Security Controls Framework (SCF) Control Description	Strength of Relationship	Notes
4e(i)	N/A	secure software development environments, including such actions as:	Functional	Intersects With	Development & Test Environment Configurations	CFG-02.4	Mechanisms exist to manage baseline configurations for development and test environments separately from operational baseline configurations to minimize the risk of unintentional changes.	5	
4e(i)	N/A	secure software development environments, including such actions as:	Functional	Subset Of	Secure Development Environments	TDA-07	Mechanisms exist to maintain a segmented development network to ensure a secure development environment.	10	
4e(i)	N/A	secure software development environments, including such actions as:	Functional	Intersects With	Separation of Development, Testing and Operational Environments	TDA-08	Mechanisms exist to manage separate development, testing and operational environments to reduce the risks of unauthorized access or changes to the operational environment and to ensure no	5	
4e(i)	N/A	secure software development environments, including such actions as:	Functional	Intersects With	Secure Migration Practices	TDA-08.1	Mechanisms exist to ensure secure migration practices purge Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) of test/development/staging data and accounts before its migrated into a production	3	
4e(i)(A)	N/A	using administratively separate build environments;	Functional	Subset Of	Secure Development Environments	TDA-07	Mechanisms exist to maintain a segmented development network to ensure a secure development environment.	10	Example 1: Use multi-factor, risk-based authentication and conditional access for each environment. Example 2: Use network segmentation and access controls to separate the environments from each other and from production environments, and to separate components from each other.
4e(i)(A)	N/A	using administratively separate build environments;	Functional	Intersects With	Separation of Development, Testing and Operational Environments	TDA-08	Mechanisms exist to manage separate development, testing and operational environments to reduce the risks of unauthorized access or changes to the operational environment and to ensure no	8	Example 1: Use multi-factor, risk-based authentication and conditional access for each environment. Example 2: Use network segmentation and access controls to separate the environments from each other and from production environments, and to separate components from each other.
4e(i)(B)	N/A	auditing trust relationships;	Functional	Subset Of	Continuous Monitoring	MON-01	Mechanisms exist to facilitate the implementation of enterprise-wide monitoring controls.	10	
4e(i)(B)	N/A	auditing trust relationships;	Functional	Intersects With	Content of Event Logs	MON-03	Mechanisms exist to configure Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) to produce event logs that contain sufficient information to, at a minimum:(1) Establish what type of event occurred(2) When (date)	5	
4e(i)(B)	N/A	auditing trust relationships;	Functional	Intersects With	Audit Trails	MON-03.2	Mechanisms exist to link system access to individual users or service accounts.	5	
4e(i)(B)	N/A	auditing trust relationships;	Functional	Intersects With	Inbound & Outbound Communications Traffic	MON-01.3	Mechanisms exist to continuously monitor inbound and outbound communications traffic for unusual or unauthorized activities or conditions.	5	
4e(i)(B)	N/A	auditing trust relationships;	Functional	Intersects With	System-Wide / Time-Correlated Audit Trail	MON-02.7	Automated mechanisms exist to compile audit records into an organization-wide audit trail that is time-correlated.	5	
4e(i)(B)	N/A	auditing trust relationships;	Functional	Intersects With	System Generated Alerts	MON-01.4	Mechanisms exist to generate, monitor, correlate and respond to alerts from physical, cybersecurity, data protection and supply chain activities to achieve integrated situational awareness.	5	
4e(i)(B)	N/A	auditing trust relationships;	Functional	Intersects With	System-Wide / Time-Correlated Audit Trail	MON-02.7	Automated mechanisms exist to compile audit records into an organization-wide audit trail that is time-correlated.	5	
4e(i)(C)	N/A	establishing multi-factor, risk-based authentication and conditional access across the enterprise;	Functional	Equal	Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)	IAE-06	Automated mechanisms exist to enforce Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) for(1) Remote network access(2) Third-party Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS); and(3) Non-console access to critical TAAS	10	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Subset Of	Technology Development & Acquisition	TDA-01	Mechanisms exist to facilitate the implementation of tailored development and acquisition strategies, contract tools and procurement methods to meet unique business needs.	10	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Intersects With	Product Management	TDA-01.1	Mechanisms exist to design and implement product management processes to proactively govern the design, development and production of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) across the System	8	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Intersects With	Minimum Viable Product (MVP) Security Requirements	TDA-02	Mechanisms exist to design, develop and produce Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) in such a way that risk-based technical and functional specifications ensure Minimum Viable Product (MVP) criteria	8	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Intersects With	Ports, Protocols & Services in Use	TDA-02.1	Mechanisms exist to require the developers of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) to identify early in the Secure Development Life Cycle (SDLC), the functions, ports, protocols and services intended for use.	5	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Intersects With	Functional Properties	TDA-04.1	Mechanisms exist to require software developers to provide information describing the functional properties of the security, compliance and resilience controls to be utilized within Technology Assets, Applications	5	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Intersects With	Developer Architecture & Design	TDA-05	Mechanisms exist to require the developers of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) to produce a design specification and security architecture that:(1) Is consistent with and supportive of the	8	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Intersects With	Secure Settings By Default	TDA-09.6	Mechanisms exist to implement secure configuration settings by default to reduce the likelihood of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) being deployed with weak security settings that would put the	5	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Intersects With	Criticality Analysis During Development	TDA-06.1	Mechanisms exist to require the developer of the Technology Asset, Application and/or Service (TAAS) to perform a criticality analysis at organization-defined decision points in the Secure Development Life Cycle (SDLC).	5	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Intersects With	Threat Modeling	TDA-06.2	Mechanisms exist to perform threat modeling and other secure design techniques, to ensure that threats to software and solutions are identified and accounted for.	5	
4e(i)(D)	N/A	documenting and minimizing dependencies on enterprise products that are part of the environments used to develop, build, and edit software;	Functional	Intersects With	Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM)	TDA-06.3	Mechanisms exist to utilize a Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM) to govern a secure development lifecycle for the development of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS).	3	
4e(i)(E)	N/A	employing encryption for data; and	Functional	Subset Of	Use of Cryptographic Controls	CRY-01	Mechanisms exist to facilitate the implementation of cryptographic protections controls using known public standards and trusted cryptographic technologies.	10	
4e(i)(E)	N/A	employing encryption for data; and	Functional	Intersects With	Minimum Viable Product (MVP) Security Requirements	TDA-02	Mechanisms exist to design, develop and produce Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) in such a way that risk-based technical and functional specifications ensure Minimum Viable Product (MVP) criteria	8	
4e(i)(E)	N/A	employing encryption for data; and	Functional	Intersects With	Pre-Established Secure Configurations	TDA-02.4	Mechanisms exist to ensure vendors/manufacturers:(1) Deliver the Technology Assets, Application and/or Service (TAAS) with a pre-established, secure configuration implemented, and(2) Use the pre-established	8	
4e(i)(E)	N/A	employing encryption for data; and	Functional	Intersects With	Secure Software Development Practices (SSDP)	TDA-06	Mechanisms exist to develop, implement and use Secure Software Development Practices (SSDP).	8	
4e(i)(F)	N/A	monitoring operations and alerts and responding to attempted and actual cyber incidents;	Functional	Subset Of	Security, Compliance & Resilience Program (SCRIP)	GOV-01	Mechanisms exist to facilitate the implementation of security, compliance and resilience governance controls.	10	
4e(i)(F)	N/A	monitoring operations and alerts and responding to attempted and actual cyber incidents;	Functional	Intersects With	Operationalizing Security, Compliance & Resilience Capabilities	GOV-15	Mechanisms exist to compel data and/or process owners to operationalize security, compliance and resilience practices for each Technology Asset, Application and/or Service (TAAS) under their control.	5	
4e(i)(F)	N/A	monitoring operations and alerts and responding to attempted and actual cyber incidents;	Functional	Subset Of	Continuous Monitoring	MON-01	Mechanisms exist to facilitate the implementation of enterprise-wide monitoring controls.	10	
4e(i)(F)	N/A	monitoring operations and alerts and responding to attempted and actual cyber incidents;	Functional	Subset Of	Incident Response Operations	IRO-01	Mechanisms exist to implement and govern processes and documentation to facilitate an organization-wide response capability for cybersecurity and data protection-related incidents.	10	
4e(i)	N/A	generating and, when requested by a purchaser, providing artifacts that demonstrate conformance to the processes set forth in subsection (e)(i) of this section;	Functional	Subset Of	Ability To Demonstrate Conformity	CPL-01.3	Mechanisms exist to ensure the organization is able to demonstrate security, compliance and/or resilience capability conformity with applicable cybersecurity and data protection laws, regulations and/or contractual	10	
4e(i)(i)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, to maintain trusted source code supply chains, thereby ensuring the integrity of the code;	Functional	Intersects With	Product Management	TDA-01.1	Mechanisms exist to design and implement product management processes to proactively govern the design, development and production of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) across the System	8	
4e(i)(i)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, to maintain trusted source code supply chains, thereby ensuring the integrity of the code;	Functional	Intersects With	Development Methods, Techniques & Processes	TDA-02.3	Mechanisms exist to require software developers to ensure that their software development processes employ industry-recognized secure practices for secure programming, engineering methods, quality	8	
4e(i)(i)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, to maintain trusted source code supply chains, thereby ensuring the integrity of the code;	Functional	Intersects With	Software Bill of Materials (SBOM)	TDA-04.2	Mechanisms exist to generate, or obtain, a Software Bill of Materials (SBOM) for Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) that lists software packages in use, including versions and applicable	3	
4e(i)(i)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, to maintain trusted source code supply chains, thereby ensuring the integrity of the code;	Functional	Intersects With	Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM)	TDA-06.3	Mechanisms exist to utilize a Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM) to govern a secure development lifecycle for the development of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS).	3	
4e(i)(i)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, to maintain trusted source code supply chains, thereby ensuring the integrity of the code;	Functional	Intersects With	Supporting Toolchain	TDA-06.4	Automated mechanisms exist to improve the accuracy, consistency and completeness of secure practices throughout the asset's lifecycle.	8	
4e(i)(i)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, to maintain trusted source code supply chains, thereby ensuring the integrity of the code;	Functional	Intersects With	Security, Compliance & Resilience Testing Throughout Development	TDA-09	Mechanisms exist to require system developers/integrators consult with security, compliance and/or resilience personnel to:(1) Create and implement a Security Testing and Evaluation (ST&E) plan, or similar capability.	3	
4e(i)(i)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, to maintain trusted source code supply chains, thereby ensuring the integrity of the code;	Functional	Intersects With	Software / Firmware Integrity Verification	TDA-14.1	Mechanisms exist to require developers of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) to enable integrity verification of software and firmware components.	3	

FDE #	FDE Name	Focal Document Element (FDE) Description	STRM Reasonable	STRM Relationship	SCF Control	SCF #	Secure Controls Framework (SCF) Control Description	Strength of Relationship	Notes
4e(iii)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, to maintain trusted source code supply chains, thereby ensuring the integrity of the code;	Functional	Intersects With	Developer Threat Analysis & Flow Remediation	TDA-15	Mechanisms exist to require system developers and integrators to develop and implement an ongoing Security Testing and Evaluation (ST&E) plan, or similar process, to objectively identify and remediate vulnerabilities.	5	
4e(iii)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, to maintain trusted source code supply chains, thereby ensuring the integrity of the code;	Functional	Intersects With	Access to Program Source Code	TDA-20	Mechanisms exist to limit privileges to change software resident within software libraries.	5	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Intersects With	Security, Compliance & Resilience Testing Throughout Development	TDA-09	Mechanisms exist to require system developers/integrators consult with security, compliance and/or resilience personnel to (1) Create and implement a Security Testing and Evaluation (ST&E) plan, or similar capability.	8	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Intersects With	Static Code Analysis	TDA-09.2	Mechanisms exist to require the developers of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) to employ static code analysis tools to identify and remediate common flaws and document the results of the analysis.	3	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Intersects With	Dynamic Code Analysis	TDA-09.3	Mechanisms exist to require the developers of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) to employ dynamic code analysis tools to identify and remediate common flaws and document the results of the analysis.	3	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Intersects With	Security, Compliance & Resilience Testing Throughout Development	TDA-09	Mechanisms exist to require system developers and integrators to develop and implement an ongoing Security Testing and Evaluation (ST&E) plan, or similar process, to objectively identify and remediate vulnerabilities.	8	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Intersects With	Developer Threat Analysis & Flow Remediation	TDA-15	Mechanisms exist to require system developers and integrators to develop and implement an ongoing Security Testing and Evaluation (ST&E) plan, or similar process, to objectively identify and remediate vulnerabilities.	8	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Subset Of	Technology Development & Acquisition	TDA-01	Mechanisms exist to facilitate the implementation of tailored development and procurement methods to meet unique business needs.	10	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Subset Of	Vulnerability & Patch Management Program (VPM)	VPM-01	Mechanisms exist to facilitate the implementation and monitoring of vulnerability management controls.	10	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Intersects With	Vulnerability Remediation Process	VPM-02	Mechanisms exist to ensure that vulnerabilities are properly identified, tracked and remediated.	8	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Subset Of	Vulnerability Disclosure Program (VDP)	THR-06	Mechanisms exist to establish a Vulnerability Disclosure Program (VDP) to assist with the secure development and maintenance of Technology Assets, Applications and/or Services (TAAS) that receives unsolicited input.	10	
4e(iv)	N/A	employing automated tools, or comparable processes, that check for known and potential vulnerabilities and remediate them, which shall operate regularly, or at a minimum prior to product, version, or update release;	Functional	Intersects With	Vulnerability Remediation Process	VPM-02	Mechanisms exist to ensure that vulnerabilities are properly identified, tracked and remediated.	8	